# Fort Bend County MUD No. 185

### 2024 Drinking Water Quality Report

#### DEAR CUSTOMER:

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) generally include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds. reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals, and in some cases. radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791). Contaminants that may be present in the source water include:

1) Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria. which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife. 2) Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming. 3) Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses. 4) Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production. and can also, come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems. 5) Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally- occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled received water from Fort Bend Co. MUD 37 through an water which must provide the same protection for public

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the district's operator, Inframark.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be certain microbial contaminants such as Cryptosporidium, in on source water assessments and protections efforts at our or unknown service lines. We achieved this determination drinking water, Infants, some elderly, or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer: those who have undergone organ transplants: those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV / AIDS or other immune system disorders can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from you physician or health care provider. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800-426-4791).

> If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you test for up to 97 contaminants. may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to When drinking water meets federal standards there may minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

within Fort Bend County which draws water from Gulf Coast Aguifers. In addition. Fort Bend Co. MUD 185 also interconnect which has one groundwater well located in Fort Bend County which draws water from Gulf Coast

results indicate that our sources have a low susceptibility to tel. (281) 579-4500. contaminants. The sampling requirements for your water system is based on this susceptibility and previous sample Fort Bend Co. MUD 185 has completed an inventory of our data. Any detections of these contaminants will be found in water service lines and determined that our water system You may be more vulnerable than the general population to this Consumer Confidence Report. For more information system contact Wendy Duncan, Inframark, at (346-387-

> For more information about your sources of water, please refer to the Source Water Assessment Viewer available at the following: http://www.tceg.texas.gov/gis/swaview

> Further details about sources and source water assessments are available in Drinking Water Watch at the following URL:http://dww2.tceg.texas.gov/DWW/

> Many constituents (such as calcium, sodium, or iron) which are often found in drinking water can cause taste, color, and odor problems. The taste and odor constituents are called secondary constituents and are regulated by the State of Texas, not the EPA. These constituents are not causes for health concern. Therefore, secondaries are not required to be reported in this document but they may greatly affect the appearance and taste of your water. The pages that follow list all of the federally regulated or monitored contaminants which have been found in your drinking water. The U.S. EPA requires water systems to

not be any health based benefits to purchasing bottled water or point of use devices.

Fort Bend Co. MUD 185 has one groundwater well located Public input concerning the water system may be made at regularly scheduled meetings, generally held at 12:00 PM on the 3rd Wednesday of the month at 9 Greenway Plaza. Suite 1000. Houston, TX 77046. You may also contact Wendy Duncan, Inframark, at 346-387-5573 with any concerns or questions you may have regarding this report.

Este reporte incluve información importante sobre el aqua TCEQ completed an assessment of your source water, and para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al

> does not have any lead, galvanized requiring replacement, because its water distribution system was installed after 1988, the year that Texas implemented the Safe Drinking Water Act banning the use of lead for any public water lines. Additionally, Fort Bend Co. MUD 185 has found no evidence of the use of lead service lines (i) in the system records, including distribution system maps and drawings (ii) when reading water meters or performing maintenance activities during normal system operations, or (iii) during visual inspection of the service line.

#### **Definitions & Abbreviations:**

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

AVG: Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

Level 1 assessment: Study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system. Level 2 assessment: Very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial

MFL: Million Fibers per Liter (a measure of asbestos). Mrem: millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body).

N/A: Not applicable.

NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units (a measure of turbidity).

pCi/L: Picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity).

ppb: micrograms per liter or parts per billion.

ppm: milligrams per liter or parts per million.

ppg: Parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter (pg/L).

ppt: Parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L).

Treatment Technique or TT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

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Substance	Unit of Measure	Year	MCL	Average Level Detected	Min - Max Level Detected	MCLG	In Compliance	Typical Sources
Inorganic Contaminants (Re	gulated at the Wa	ater Plant)			Detected			
Arsenic	ppb	2022	10	3.2	3.2 - 3.2	0	Yes	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass, and electronics production wastes.
Barium	ppm	2022	2	0.15	0.15 - 0.15	2	Yes	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
Fluoride	ppm	2022	4	0.5	0.5 - 0.5	4	Yes	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Selenium	ppb	2022	50	4.3	4.3 - 4.3	50	Yes	Erosion of natural deposits.
Disinfectant Byproducts								
Total Trihalomethanes	ppb	2024	80	0.5	0 - 1	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Substance	Unit of Measure	Year	MRDL	Average Level Detected	Min - Max Level	MRDLG	In Compliance	Typical Sources
Maximum Residual Disinfect	tant I evel				Detected			
Chlorine Residual	ppm	2024	4.0	1.91	1.48 - 2.13	4.0	Yes	Water additive used to control microbes.
Substance	Unit of	Year	90th % Value	EPA Action	Results above	MCLG	In	Typical Sources
	Measure			Level	Action Level		Compliance	
Lead and Copper (Regulated	d at Customers Ta	ap)						
Copper	ppm	2024	0.0352	1.3	0	1.3	Yes	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.

0

15

0

2024

ppb

Lead



Yes

Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural

deposits.

0

## Our Water Supply System Received Water From Fort Bend County MUD No. 37 Water Quality Results are Listed Below

Substance	Unit of Measure	Year	MCL	Average Level Detected	Min - Max Level Detected	MCLG	In Compliance	Typical Sources
Radioactive Contaminants (R	Regulated at the	Water Plant)						
Gross Alpha	pCi/L	2024	15	2.0	2 - 2	0	Yes	Erosion of natural deposits.
Uranium	ug/L	2024	30	5.6	5.6 - 5.6	0	Yes	Erosion of natural deposits.
Volatile Organic Contaminan	ts							
Xylenes	ppm	2024	10	0.0022	0.002 - 0.002	10	Yes	Discharge from petroleum factories.
<b>Unregulated Contaminants</b>								
Bromodichloromethane	ppb	2024	N/A	1.4	1.4 - 1.4	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromoform	ppb	2024	N/A	1.0	1 - 1	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Chloroform	ppb	2024	N/A	1.0	1 - 1	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Dibromochloromethane	ppb	2024	N/A	1.5	1.5 - 1.5	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Manganese	ppm	2024	N/A	0.0047	0.005 - 0.005	N/A	Yes	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Unregulated contaminants are unregulated contaminants in dr					The purpose of	unregulated co	ontaminant monito	oring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of
Inorganic Contaminants (Reg	gulated at the Wa	ater Plant)						
Barium	ppm	2024	2	0.17	0.17 - 0.17	2	Yes	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
Fluoride	ppm	2024	4	0.18	0.18 - 0.18	4	Yes	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.



Violations						
Violation Type	Duration					
DISINFECTANT LEVEL QUARTERLY OPERATING REPORT (DLQOR)	10/01/2024 – 3/31/2025					
Health Effects						
Some people who use water containing chlorine well in excess of the MRDL could experience irritating effects to their eyes and nose. Some people who drink water containing chlorine well in excess of the MRDL could experience stomach discomfort.						
Explanation						
We failed to report the results of the disinfectant residual monitoring for the period indicated.						
Steps to Correct						
The system submitted the DLQORs bringing the system back into compliance. All disinfection residuals were maintained and monitored daily throughout the water system.						

Mandatory Language for Monitoring and Reporting Violation
Failure to Submit a Disinfectant Level Quarterly Operating Report (DLQOR)
MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR/CHLORINE

The **Fort Bend County MUD 185** water system **PWS ID TX 0790478** has violated the monitoring and reporting requirements set by Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) in Title 30, Texas Administrative Code (30 TAC), Section 290, Subchapter F. Public water systems are required to properly disinfect water before distribution, maintain acceptable disinfection residuals within the distribution system, monitor the disinfectant residual at various locations throughout the distribution system, and report the results of that monitoring to the TCEQ on a quarterly basis.

Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water is safe from microbial contamination.

These violations occurred in the monitoring periods 10/01/2024 – 03/31/2025

We are taking the following actions to address this issue:

The system submitted the DLQORs bringing the system back into compliance. All disinfection residuals were maintained and monitored daily throughout the water system.

Please share this information with all people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (i.e., people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

If you have questions regarding this matter, you may contact Inframark, at our 24-hour customer service line (281) 398-8211.

\* All levels detected were below the MCLs.

**OINFRAMARK**