Kaufman County FWSD 1B

2024 Drinking Water Quality Report

DEAR CUSTOMER:

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) generally include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds. reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals, and in some cases. radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791). Contaminants that may be present in the source water include:

1) Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria. which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife, 2) Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming. 3) Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses. 4) Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production. and can also, come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems. 5) Radioactive contaminants. which can be naturally- occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled TX1290002). City of Forney purchases treated surface water which must provide the same protection for public

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the district's operator, Inframark.

You may be more vulnerable than the general population Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be to certain microbial contaminants such as Cryptosporidium, information on source water assessments and protection in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; those who have undergone organ transplants: those who are undergoing treatment with steroids: and people with HIV / AIDS or other immune system disorders can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from you physician or health care provider. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800-426-4791).

> If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you test for up to 97 contaminants. may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to When drinking water meets federal standards there may minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Kaufman County FWSD 1B purchases treated surface water from Kaufman County FWSD 1A who purchases treated surface water from City of Forney (PWS ID water from North Texas MWD which is obtained from multiple surface water sources: Lake Lavon (50%), Lake Texoma (30%), and Lake Chapman (20%).

results indicate that some of our sources are susceptible to tel. (281) 579-4507. certain contaminants. The sampling requirements for your water system is based on this susceptibility and previous sample data. Any detections of these contaminants will be found in the Consumer Confidence Report. For more efforts at our system contact Cameron Robinson. Inframark, at 469-446-5059.

For more information about your sources of water, please refer to the Source Water Assessment Viewer available at the following: http://www.tceg.texas.gov/gis/swaview

Further details about sources and source water assessments are available in Drinking Water Watch at the following URL:http://dww2.tceg.texas.gov/DWW/

Many constituents (such as calcium, sodium, or iron) which are often found in drinking water can cause taste, color. and odor problems. The taste and odor constituents are called secondary constituents and are regulated by the State of Texas, not the EPA. These constituents are not causes for health concern. Therefore, secondaries are not required to be reported in this document but they may greatly affect the appearance and taste of your water. The pages that follow list all of the federally regulated or monitored contaminants which have been found in your drinking water. The U.S. EPA requires water systems to

not be any health based benefits to purchasing bottled water or point of use devices.

Public input concerning the water system may be made at the 4th Tuesday of the month at 9550 Helms Trail, Ste 800 exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a Forney, TX 75126. You may also contact Cameron Robinson, Inframark, at 469-446-5059 with any concerns or questions you may have regarding this report.

Este reporte incluve informacion importante sobre el agua TCEQ completed an assessment of your source water, and para tomar. Para asistencia en espanol, favor de llamar al

Lead Service Line Inventory

Kaufman County FWSD 1A has completed an inventory of our water service lines and determined that our water system does not have any lead, galvanized requiring replacement, or unknown service lines. We achieved this determination because its water distribution system was installed after 1988, the year that Texas implemented the Safe Drinking Water Act banning the use of lead for any public water lines. Additionally, Kaufman County FWSD 1A has found no evidence of the use of lead service lines (i) in the system records, including distribution system maps and drawings, (ii) when reading water meters or performing maintenance activities during normal system operations, or (iii) during visual inspection of the service

Definitions & Abbreviations:

regularly scheduled meetings, generally held at 6:30 PM on Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if water system must follow.

AVG: Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

Level 1 assessment: Study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system. Level 2 assessment: Very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial

MFL: Million Fibers per Liter (a measure of asbestos). Mrem: millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body).

N/A: Not applicable.

NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units (a measure of turbidity).

pCi/L: Picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity).

ppb: micrograms per liter or parts per billion.

ppm: milligrams per liter or parts per million.

ppg: Parts per guadrillion, or picograms per liter (pg/L).

ppt: Parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L).

Treatment Technique or TT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.



Our Water Supply System Received Water from Kaufman County FWSD 1A through an open interconnect in 2024. Water Quality Results are Listed Below

Water Quality Nesults are Listed Delow									
Substance	Unit of Measure	Year	MCL	Average Level Detected	Min - Max Level Detected	MCLG	In Compliance	Typical Sources	
Unregulated Contaminants									
Bromodichloromethane	ppb	2024	N/A	12.61	10.8 – 15.1	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.	
Bromoform	ppb	2024	N/A	1.33	0.0 - 3.53	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.	
Chloroform	ppb	2024	N/A	17.07	6.75 - 25.9	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.	
Dibromochloromethane	ppb	2024	N/A	8.17	7.2 - 10.6	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.	
Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulation is warranted.									
Inorganic Contaminants (Re	gulated at the W	ater Plant)							
Nitrite	ppm	2021	1	0.0628	0.0628 - 0.0628	1	Yes	Natural Erosion.	
Nitrate	ppm	2024	10	0.349	0.349 - 0.349	10	Yes	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage erosion of natural deposits.	
Disinfectant Byproducts									
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	ppb	2024	60	20.29	12.7 - 26.5	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.	
Total Trihalomethanes	ppb	2024	80	39.16	29.6 – 48.2	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.	
Substance	Unit of Measure	Year	MRD	L Average Lev Detected	vel Min - Max Level Detected	MRDLG	In Compliance	Typical Sources	
Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level									
Chlorine Residual	ppm	2024	4.0	2.27	1.79 - 2.92	4.0	Yes	Water additive used to control microbes.	

Our Water Supply System Received Water from City of Forney through an open interconnect in 2024.

Water Quality Results are Listed Below

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Substance	Unit of Measure	Year	MCL	Average Level Detected	Min - Max Level Detected	MCLG	In Compliance	Typical Sources
Inorganic Contaminants (Regulated at the Water Plant)								
Nitrate	ppm	2024	10	0.3	0.071 - 0.713	10	Yes	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits.



Our Water Supply System Received Treated Surface Water from North Texas MWD through City of Forney

Substance	Unit of	Year	MCL	Average Level	Min - Max Level	MCLG	ln In	Typical Sources
<u> </u>	Measure	- Toai	MOL	Detected	Detected		Compliance	Typical Cources
Radioactive Contaminants (R	egulated at the	Water Plant)						
Combined Radium 226/228	pCi/L	2022	5	1.5	1.5 - 1.5	0	Yes	Erosion of natural deposits.
Beta Photon/Emitters**	pCi/L	2023-2024	50	3.13	4.1 - 5.3	0	Yes	Decay of natural and man-made deposits.
**EPA considers 50 pCi/L to be the	e level of concern for	or beta particles.						
Synthetic Organic Contamina	ants Including P	esticides and He	erbicides					
Atrazine	ppb	2024	3	0.13	0.1 - 0.2	3	Yes	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Simazine	ppb	2024	4	0.071	0.071 - 0.071	4	Yes	Herbicide runoff.
Unregulated Contaminants								
Bromodichloromethane	ppb	2024	N/A	11.05	6.34 - 16	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromoform	ppb	2024	N/A	0.43	0 - 1.29	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Chloroform	ppb	2024	N/A	11.99	3.68 - 20.8	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Dibromochloromethane	ppb	2024	N/A	6.24	4.81 - 7.38	N/A	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Manganese	ppm	2024	N/A	0.046	0.003 - 0.006	N/A	Yes	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Unregulated contaminants are thos drinking water and whether future r			drinking water	standards. The purp	oose of unregulated co	ontaminant mo	onitoring is to assist	EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in
Inorganic Contaminants (Reg	julated at the Wa	ater Plant)						
Barium	ppm	2024	2	0.051	0.040 - 0.073	2	Yes	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
Chromium	ppb	2024	100	1.3	1.3 - 1.3	100	Yes	Natural Erosion
Cyanide	ppb	2024	200	86.28	28.5 - 128	200	Yes	Discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories; discharge from steel/metal factories.
Fluoride	ppm	2024	4	0.47	0.204 - 0.712	4	Yes	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes

	•			erosion of natural deposits.
Turbidity	Level Detected	Limit (Treatment Technique)	In Compliance	Typical Source
Highest Single Measurement	0.62 NTU	1 NTU	Yes	Soil runoff.
Lowest Monthly % Meeting Limit	98.54%	0.3 NTU	Yes	Soil runoff.

0.059 - 0.926

Yes

Turbidity has no health effects. However, turbidity can interfere with disinfection and provide a medium for microbial growth. Turbidity may indicate the presence of disease-causing organisms. These organisms include bacteria, viruses, and parasites that can cause symptoms such as nausea, cramps, diarrhea and associated headaches.

All levels detected were below the MCLs.

2024

ppm

10

0.51



strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.

Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage;

Nitrate

LEAD & COPPER RULE MONITORING AND REPORTING VIOLATION MANDATORY LANGUAGE - TIER III

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

KAUFMAN COUNTY FWSD 1A, PWS TX1290043, has violated the monitoring and reporting requirements set by Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) in Chapter 30, Section 290, Subchapter F. Even though these were not emergencies, as our customers, you have the right to know what happened and what we did to correct these situations.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During 3YR2016, we did not monitor or test for LCR and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time.

The table below lists the contaminants we did not properly test for during the last year, how often we are supposed to sample for these contaminants, how many samples we are supposed to take, how many samples we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date on which the follow-up samples were taken.

Contaminant	Required sampling frequency	Number of samples taken	When samples should have been taken	When samples were or will be taken
Lead and Copper Rule Sample Tap 3YR2016	20 / triennially	0	JUNE 1, 2016 – SEPT 30, 2016	07/20/2017 Returned to Compliance Date

What is being done?

We collected a complete set of lead and copper samples, sent the results to TCEQ and returned to compliance as of 07/20/2017.

We have completed all the sampling requirements to resolve the problem. For more information, please contact Inframark, the operator for Kaufman County FWSD 1A, at our 24-hour Customer Service Line (281) 398-8211.

Date Delivered / Posted to customers on 08/04/2025 and 08/11/2025.

Please share this information with all other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (i.e., people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being sent to you by KAUFMAN COUNTY FWSD 1A Public Water System (PWS) Number: TX1290043

Mandatory Language for Monitoring and Reporting Violation Chemical Sampling CHEMICAL MONITORING, ROUTINE MAJOR

The KAUFMAN COUNTY FWSD 1A, PWS TX1290043, has violated the monitoring and reporting requirements set by Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) in Chapter 30, Section 290, Subchapter F. Public water systems are required to collect and submit chemical samples of water provided to their customers and report the results of those samples to the TCEQ on a regular basis.

We failed to monitor and/or report the following constituent and Monitoring Periods:

Constituent	Monitoring Period			
DBP2	3Q2021			

Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water is safe from chemical contamination. We did not complete the monitoring and/or reporting for chemical constituents, and therefore TCEQ cannot be sure of the safety of your drinking water during that time.

What is being done?

We are taking the following actions to address this issue: We provided our DBP2 analyzed results to TCEQ in a timely manner and returned to compliance as of 12/29/2021.

Please share this information with all people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (i.e., people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

If you have questions regarding this matter, you may contact Inframark, the operator for Kaufman County FWSD 1A, at our 24-hour Customer Service Line (281) 398-8211.

Posted /Delivered to customers on 08/04/2025 and 08/11/2025